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# Sbar Shift Report Template

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*Sbar Shift Report  
Template*

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## **MASTERING EFFECTIVE HANDOFFS: THE COMPLETE GUIDE TO THE SBAR SHIFT REPORT TEMPLATE**

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In high-stakes environments like healthcare, seamless communication during shift changes is not just a matter of convenience—it is a matter of patient safety. A poorly executed shift report can lead to critical information being missed, delays in treatment, or even

medical errors. This is where a standardized communication tool like the **SBAR shift report template** becomes invaluable. SBAR, which stands for Situation, Background, Assessment, and Recommendation, provides a clear, concise framework for transferring patient information between healthcare professionals. Whether you are a nurse, a physician, or a nursing student, mastering this template can drastically improve the quality of your handoffs, reduce miscommunication, and enhance continuity of care. In this comprehensive guide, we will explore every aspect of

the SBAR shift report template, from its core components to practical tips for daily use.

## What is an SBAR Shift Report?

An SBAR shift report is a structured method for communicating critical patient information during a nursing or clinical handover. It organizes data into four key sections: **Situation** (what is happening right now), **Background** (the clinical history or context), **Assessment** (what you think the problem is), and **Recommendation** (what you believe should be done next). Originally developed by the U.S. Navy for nuclear submarine communication, SBAR was

later adapted by healthcare organizations like Kaiser Permanente to improve patient safety. Today, it is widely adopted in hospitals, clinics, and long-term care facilities worldwide as a standard for shift reports and interprofessional communication.

## Why a Standardized Shift Report Template

## Matters

Without a consistent structure, shift reports can become disorganized, filled with irrelevant details, or missing key pieces of information. Studies have shown that up to 80% of serious medical errors involve miscommunication during handoffs. A standardized **SBAR shift report template** helps eliminate this risk by ensuring that every reporter covers the same essential points. It reduces reliance on memory, minimizes the chances of omission, and creates a common language across disciplines. For new nurses or float staff, a template also provides a valuable cognitive aid, making it easier to organize thoughts under pressure.

## Breaking Down the Four Components of an SBAR Shift Report Template

To use the SBAR template effectively, you need to understand what information belongs in each section. Below is a detailed breakdown.

### **SITUATION: THE HERE AND NOW**

The first element of any SBAR shift report template is the Situation. This is

your opening statement—concise and direct. You should state your name, your role, the patient's name and room number, and the primary reason for the report. For example: *"I am calling about Mr. John Smith in Room 412. The main concern is that his oxygen saturation has dropped to 88% on room air."* Keep this part to one or two sentences. Avoid diving into history or background here; just clearly define what is happening right now.

### **BACKGROUND: THE RELEVANT HISTORY**

Once the current situation is clear, provide the necessary context. The Background section should include the patient's admitting diagnosis, relevant medical history, recent vital sign trends,

medications, laboratory results, and any changes in condition since the last shift. For a shift report, this might also cover what has already been done for the patient (e.g., IV fluids started, oxygen applied, lab work drawn). The key is to include only information that directly impacts the current situation. Avoid information overload—stick to pertinent details that the incoming nurse or clinician needs to know.

### **ASSESSMENT: YOUR CLINICAL JUDGMENT**

In the Assessment section, you share your professional opinion. Based on the situation and background, what do you think is going on? Use objective data to support your assessment. For example: *"I believe Mr. Smith may be developing*

*pneumonia because of his low oxygen saturation, productive cough, and elevated white blood cell count.*" This is not the place for vague statements like "he looks bad." Instead, tie your assessment to signs, symptoms, and objective measurements. The Assessment shows that you have processed the information and are thinking critically about the patient's condition.

### **RECOMMENDATION: THE NEXT STEPS**

The final component of the SBAR shift report template is the Recommendation. Here, you suggest what should be done next. Recommendations can include ordering a chest X-ray, starting antibiotics, contacting a specialist,

changing the frequency of vital sign monitoring, or adjusting the care plan. Even if you are not the person making the final decision, stating your recommendation ensures that the receiving team knows your thought process. It also encourages proactive care rather than reactive responses. Example: *"I recommend obtaining a stat chest X-ray and starting empiric antibiotics for possible pneumonia."*

## How to Create an Effective SBAR

# Shift Report Template

Designing a personalized SBAR shift report template can streamline your workflow. While many healthcare organizations provide preprinted forms or electronic templates, you can also create your own. Start with a header that includes patient identifiers (name, date of birth, medical record number) and the date and time of the report. Then, write the four sections as clear headings: **Situation, Background, Assessment, Recommendation**. Leave adequate space under each for handwritten notes or typed entries. Some templates also include a checkbox

list for common items (e.g., allergies, code status, advanced directives) to ensure nothing is missed. For digital use, consider using a shared document or an electronic health record (EHR) template with dropdown menus and fillable fields.

## Benefits of Using an SBAR Shift Report Template

Adopting a structured template offers multiple advantages beyond just reducing errors.

- **Improved Patient Safety:** By ensuring all critical information is transmitted, the template reduces

the likelihood of adverse events.

- **Enhanced Efficiency:** Reports become shorter and more focused, saving time during shift changes.
- **Better Teamwork:** A common framework fosters mutual understanding between nurses, physicians, and other clinicians.
- **Clear Documentation:** Templates can serve as a written record of the handoff, which is valuable for legal and quality assurance purposes.
- **Reduced Anxiety:** New nurses and students feel more confident when they have a guide to follow during report.

## Example of an SBAR Shift Report in Action

To help you visualize how the template works in a real clinical setting, here is a complete example for a patient on a medical-surgical unit.

**Situation:** Good morning, I am Sarah, the night shift nurse for Mrs. Johnson in Room 302. The main concern is that she spiked a fever of 39.5°C at 0600.

**Background:** Mrs. Johnson is a 72-year-old female admitted two days ago for community-acquired pneumonia. She has a history of hypertension and type 2

diabetes. Overnight, her vital signs were stable until 0600. She has been on IV antibiotics (ceftriaxone) since admission. Blood cultures were drawn on admission and are still pending. She has no known drug allergies.

**Assessment:** I believe she may be developing a secondary infection or may have a resistant organism, given the new fever despite 48 hours of antibiotics. Her lungs have crackles on the right base, and her sputum is now thick and green. Her oxygen saturation is 94% on 2 liters nasal cannula, down from 97% earlier.

**Recommendation:** I recommend that you obtain a repeat chest X-ray, collect sputum cultures, and consider consulting infectious disease. Also, please check her blood glucose level as her diabetes

may be contributing to infection risk. I have already notified the covering physician of the change.

## Tips for Delivering an Effective SBAR Report

Even the best template is only as good as its delivery. Here are strategies to make your SBAR shift report more effective.

1. **Prepare Beforehand:** Review the patient's chart, vitals, and notes



before giving report. Jot down key points using the template structure.

2. **Stay Concise:** Aim to complete each SBAR section in one or two sentences. Resist the urge to add extraneous details.
3. **Use Objective Data:** Instead of saying "the patient is worse," state specific numbers: "heart rate increased from 80 to 110, blood pressure dropped from 130/80 to 90/60."
4. **Be Assertive with Recommendations:** Do not be afraid to state what you think needs to happen. It shows clinical judgment.
5. **Encourage Questions:** After delivering the SBAR, invite the

receiving nurse or clinician to ask clarifying questions. This ensures understanding.

6. **Practice Regularly:** Use the template during every handoff, even for routine patients. Repetition builds habit.

## Digital vs. Paper SBAR Shift Report Templates

Today, many clinical settings have transitioned to electronic health records (EHR) that include built-in SBAR

templates. Digital templates offer advantages such as automatic population of patient data, easier sharing, and integration with other documentation. However, paper templates remain valuable in situations where computers are not readily available (e.g., during emergencies or in units with limited technology). Some nurses prefer a hybrid approach—using a paper template for quick note-taking during the shift and then transferring key points into the EHR during report. Regardless of format, the core principles of the SBAR shift report template remain the same. Choose the method that works best for your workflow and that your organization supports.

## Common Mistakes to Avoid When Using SBAR

Even experienced clinicians can fall into traps when using the SBAR template. Here are pitfalls to watch out for.

- **Reading the Entire Chart Aloud:** The Background section is not meant to be a full history recitation. Only include what is relevant to the current situation.
- **Skiping the Recommendation:** Some nurses are hesitant to make

suggestions, especially to physicians. But the recommendation is a key part of SBAR; it empowers you to advocate for the patient.

- **Using Vague Language:** Words like "seems" or "maybe" weaken your report. Be specific and confident.
- **Overloading the Situation**  
**Section:** Keep the Situation crisp. Save details for Background and Assessment.
- **Not Adapting to the Audience:** A report to a charge nurse may be different from a report to a physician. Tailor the depth of background accordingly.

## Adapting the SBAR Template for Different Healthcare Settings

The SBAR shift report template is highly flexible. In an intensive care unit (ICU), you might include more detailed vital signs, ventilator settings, and vasopressor doses. In a long-term care facility, the template can focus on changes in functional status, skin integrity, and behavioral issues. For

outpatient clinics, SBAR can be used for telephone triage or transferring patients to the emergency department. The structure remains the same, but the content shifts to match the clinical context. Always ensure that the template aligns with your unit's policies and the level of care required.

## Conclusion

The **SBAR shift report template** is a proven, powerful tool that transforms

chaotic handoffs into structured, efficient exchanges of information. By consistently using Situation, Background, Assessment, and Recommendation, healthcare professionals can significantly reduce miscommunication, improve patient outcomes, and foster a culture of safety. Whether you prefer a paper card, a digital form, or an integrated EHR module, the key is to practice and refine your use of the template. Start using an SBAR shift report template today—your patients, your colleagues, and your peace of mind will thank you.